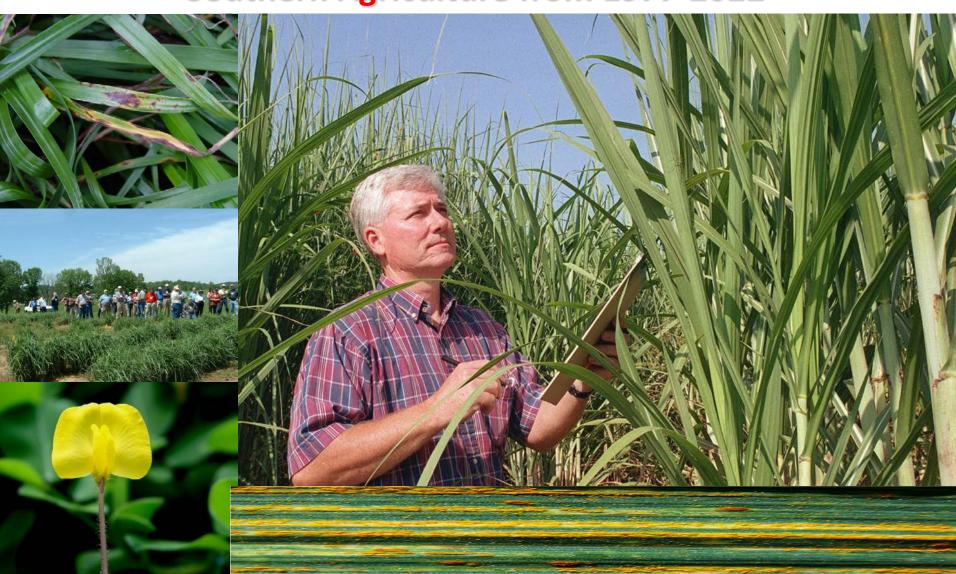


The Wright Way: Advancing



Southern Agriculture from 1977-2022



Born in 1949
 Cookville, Tennessee

• Debbie Wright

Born in Alexandria VA

Ph.D in Human Nutrition and Comedy



 Tennessee Tech University 1971 BS Agriculture



 Virginia Polytechnic and SU 1973 MS Agronomy (Soil Chemistry)



 Virginia Polytechnic and SU 1977 PhD Agronomy (Plant Physiology)



Assistant Professor University of Florida, NFREC 1977-1982

Associate Professor University of Florida, NFREC 1982-1986

Professor University of Florida, NFREC 1986- present

Associate Center Director University of Florida NFREC 2001-2002

Specialties Crop Physiology and Crop Management Extension Specialist

10 Children

Trent	1975
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• Kelly 1977

• Seth 1983

• Jessie 1984

• Emily 1987

• Susannah 1988

• Luke 1989

• Rebekah 1992

• Juliet 1994

• William 1999



2022 18 grandkids

Home on the 'Wright' Range

Farming 101

- Soybeans
- Cotton
- Peanuts
- Tifton 9
- Perennial Peanut





David Wright's Time Line

- Roundup Ready Systems
- Variety Testing: Conventional and Narrow Row Spacing
- Conservation Tillage Practices: Minimum and Strip
- Precision Agriculture
- Slow Release and Controlled Release Fertilizer
- Sod-based Rotation
- Asian Soybean Rust
- Organic Cropping Systems
- Hard Lock Cotton
- Sod-based Rotation with Cattle
- Carinata

David Wright's Time Line

Honors and Awards

Green Chemistry Award- presented by EPA Director, Christine Whitman, Washington, D.C., 2002

Beltwide Cotton Specialist of the Year 2010- New Orleans, LA

Keynote speaker Colombia National Cotton meeting in Barranquilla, Colombia April, 2011

Keynote Speaker at Future Farm World Conference, London, England June, 2011

Keynote Speaker 2012 Beltwide Cotton Conference, Jan. 2012, Orlando, FL

Multistate Research Award, Association of Public and Land Grant Universities, 2012

University of Florida Research Foundation Professorship 2012-2014

USDA NIFA, 2014 Partnership Award for Multistate Efforts for the Southeast Climate Extension Project

University of Florida High Impact Research Award on Carinata- 2015

- 1920-1929 Tobacco Experiment Station
 relocated again until 1929 to its current location
- Tobacco research was multi-disciplinary including agronomy, soil science, entomology, plant pathology, and horticulture
- Cattle were added in 1933







- In 1936 the focus of the North Florida Experiment Station broadened to include more farm crops representative of the region, including sugarcane
- In 1945 additional land was to expand field crop and livestock research and extension, and a cattle program began in 1946





- In 1950s the forage program developed rust resistant annual ryegrass
- Lupine and soybean evaluations began in the early 1950s
- 1957 a horticultural program started to evaluate several vegetables and small deciduous fruits including tomatoes and a soil testing laboratory was established







1970's Florunner and SunOleic (high oleic) peanut varieties were released and small grains breeding expanded from oat to include wheat and triticale





In 1977

David Wright began his career at the Agriculture Research and Education Center

The Agriculture Research and Education Center was designated as the









 During the 1980s conversion to 'Conservation Tillage' became a major crop management system improvement

> Minimum tillage Strip Tillage



- Precision Agriculture
- During the 1990s the 'Agriculture Research and Education Center' was renamed the 'North Florida Research and Education Center' (NFREC)



• From 2000-2009 the Asian Soybean Rust became a major research effort at the NFREC, Fusarium research into 'hardlock' in cotton was discovered







 Sod-Based Rotation systems also popularized in that time-frame for integrating row- cropping with pasture and livestock as a rotation of crops with grasses, and the citrus nursery and the North Florida Forage Breeding Program was established

Organic Cropping Systems
 partnering with Rodale Institute

Slow and Controlled Release Fertilizer

The "Four R's" of Fertilizer Use (Mikkelsen 2011)

The "Five WR's" of Fertilizer Use REVISED (Wright, 2012)

- apply the 'wright' nutrient
- at the 'wright' rate
- at the 'wright' time
- in the 'wright' place for the selected crop
- and in Florida, there is the 5th WR......
 the 'wright' irrigation



• CARINATA



Graduate Students and Staff



International Travels



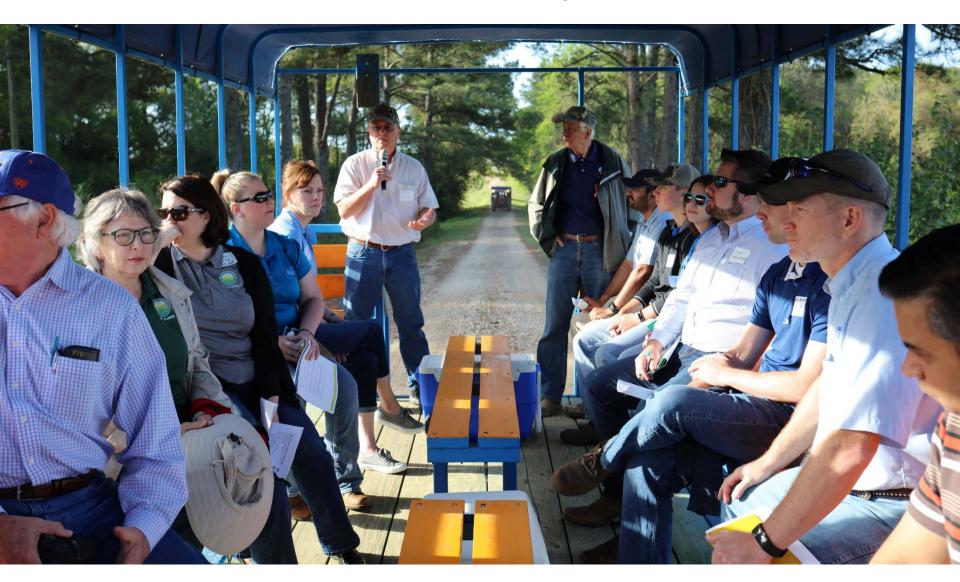
Tools of the Trade



Veri .



Field Days



The "Wright" Way



Listen to the producers' needs Think ahead of them